DEFENSIVE AND COMPETITIVE BIDDING				
OVERCALLS (Style: Responses: 1 / 2 Level; Reopening)				
1 level 8+hcp, 2 level overcalls solid, reopening can be light				
INT OVERCALL (2 nd /4 th Live; Responses; Reopening)				
15-18 direct, 16-18 after 2 level bids, 11-15 4th seat. 2♣ afterward	ds			
Will be a value range stayman, with 14/15 will bid 2nt and 3♣				
Retstarts the stayman else will answer. Dbl then 1nt in 2^{nd} seat =				
18/19, 2nt 4 th seat = $18/19$, dbl then 1NT = 15-17 systems on				
JUMP OVERCALLS (Style; Responses; Unusual NT)				
2nt = 2 lowest suits, WJO,				
Reopen: 2nt = 18/19, JNS = 12-15 good 6cd suit				
DIRECT & JUMP CUE BIDS (Style; Response; Reopen)				
M -2M =OM and 5+m, 1m-2m= 2M				
1M-3M and 1m-3m= stopper ask				
VS. NT (vs. Strong/Weak; Reopening;PH)				
2♣= both Majors				
2♦ = 6+ unspecified M				
2♥ = 5♥ and 4+m				
2 = 5 and 4 + m				
2NT = both minors				
X = 5+m and 4cd M against 12-14 NT = penalty				
VS.PREEMTS (Doubles; Cue-bids; Jumps; NT Bids)				
Obl = t/o, cue bid = stopper ask, jump = leaping michaels				
Hevel bids after 3 preempts = non leaping Michaels				
NT= 16-18				
VS. ARTIFICIAL STRONG OPENINGS- i.e. 14 or 24				
Dbl = majors, NT = minors, 2♣ or 3♣ = natural				
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OVER OPPONENTS' TAKEOUT DOUBLE				
Rdbl = Opps cant play below 2NT undoubled, jumps= weak				
NS = non forcing				
····				

LEADS AND SIGNALS				
OPENING LEADS STYLE				
	Lead	In Partner's Suit		
Suit	1/3 rd / 5 th / top of sequences	$3^{\text{rd}}/5^{\text{th}}/\text{low} = \text{H if supported}$		
NT	3 rd /5th	3 rd / 5th low= H if supported		
Subseq	Low = Honour/	Low = odd		
Other: if playing the suit already led then gives std ct.				
LEADS				

LEADS		
Lead	Vs. Suit	Vs. NT
Ace	AK, AKQ,	AKQ, AKxx asks Att
King	KQ, KQJ	AKJT, KJT9/ unblk or ct
Queen	Q Jx Q JT	KQJT, KQJ, QJT, AQJ, QJ9
Jack	J Tx, J T9	AJTx, KJTx, JT9x
10	T98	AT9x, KT9x, QT9x, T9xx
9	987, 9x	J98, Q98, K98, 98xx
Hi-X	Doubleton	doubleton
Lo-X	From 3/4/6	From 3/4/6

SIGNALS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY					
	Partner's Lead	Declarer's Lead	Discarding		
1	Low = ENC	Low = EVEN	Low = ENC		
Suit 2	Low= ODD	Suit pref	Low = ENC		
3					
1	Low= Enc	Low = Even	Low = Enc		
NT 2	Low = odd	Low = Even	Low = Enc		
3					

Signals (including Trumps):

UDCA, against NT, K asks for count or unblock,

Ace asks for attitude against pre-empts K then A =dbltb, K - NS = shortage

DOUBLES

TAKEOUT DOUBLES (Style; Responses; Reopening)

Solid, reopening in 4th suit can be light, reopening after previous bids = Value showing or shortages in opps suits/

Responses - jump = 9+hcp, can jump to game with a 6 card suit, dbl jumps Generally show values, low level rdbls = 10 + can have support

SPECIAL, ARTIFICIAL & COMPETITIVE DBLS/RDLS

Support dbls/rdbls/ lightner/ negative/ responsive/

Dbls after interference after a 2♣ opener = weak (-ve relay)

W B F CONVENTION CARD

CATEGORY: Green NCBO: South Africa

PLAYERS: Carol Stanton RSA8590 & Duncan Keet RSA1354

EVENT Mixed

SYSTEM SUMMARY

GENERAL APPROACH AND STYLE

2/1, UDCA, 5542,15-17 NT, wk 2s, 2♣=/ 9 playing tricks or 22+, 135 leads vs suits and NT,

3rd hand can open light / inverted minors/ INV jump shifts

Pre-empts = 6-9

2 way checkback, 2 way drury, dove street,

Bart after 1M-1NT - 2♣

Multi-landy, lebensohl after 1NT interference/ weak 2s and dbl

And reverses

SPECIAL BIDS THAT MAY REQUIRE DEFENSE

1NT -3♣ = heart shortage, 1NT-3♦ - spade shortage

1NT - 4 = hearts, 1NT - 4 = spades

Gambling 3nt

Strong 2♣

SPECIAL FORCING PASS SEQUENCES

After 2/1 auctions/ after inverted minors/ after 2♣ openings

After 5 level hands if we are aware we have values/

After forcing bids if opps interfere below level forced to

IMPORTANT NOTES

PSYCHICS: Rare

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OPENING	TICK IF ARTIFICIAL	MIN. NO. OF CARDS	NEG.DBL THRU	DESCRIPTION	RESPONSES	SUBSEQUENT ACTION	COMPETITIVE & PASSED HAND BIDDING
1 &	✓	2	4♠		1♣-2♣ = inverted	2♦ = ART GF, Jumps = shortages/ NS =	Rdb = GF, Pass = F1, NS =
					1♣ - jump responses = Invitational 6cd suit	stoppers NS= Forcing, 2NT = Ogust	stopper shows
1.4		4	4♠		1♦-Jump responses – invitational oct suit 1♦-2♦ = Inverted	NS-Forcing, 2N1 – Ogust 2♥ = ART GF/ jumps = shortages/ NS = stops	Rdb = GF, P = F1, NS = stopper
1 ♦		4	42		1♦-2♦ – Inverted 1♦- jump responses = INV	NS = F1, 2NT = Ogust	Rub – GF, F – F1, NS – Stopper
1.00		5	4♠		1VT =F1	- see bart notes - supplementary notes 4	2NT = 4cd supp INV +
1♥		3	4♠		1N1 = F1 2♠ = INV after 2♥/ 2level raise = 6-9, 2NT- Jacoby	- see bart notes - supplementary notes 4 - see supplementary notes 3	Cue bids = 3cd SUPP INV +
1 🛦		5	4♥		3 4/3 = bergen, 4 4, 4 = splinters	- see supplementary notes 3	Cue blus – 3cu SOFF INV +
INT		3	3♠	15-17 bal	2♣-stayman- 2♦/2♥/2♠/2NT = Transfers/ 3♣ = ♥ short/ 3♦ = ♠ short, 3♥= 5/5M weak, 3♠ = 5/5 Maj GF, SA Texas		lebensohl
2*	√		5♠	22+HCP or 9+ tricks	2♦ = +ve relay,	Kokish $2 \checkmark$ forces $2 \spadesuit$ to show 2 suiter or values $3 \checkmark = 5 + \spadesuit$ and $4 \checkmark$, $3 \spadesuit = 5 + \spadesuit$ and $4 \spadesuit$	Dbl =-ve relay, P= +ve relay NS= good and UNBAL hand
					2♥= neg relay, 2 NT = 5 + good ♥		
2♦		6	PEN	6-9 НСР	Ogust 2NT enquiry,	$3 \clubsuit$ = wk hand wk suit, $3 \spadesuit$ = wk hand and gd suit, $3 \clubsuit$ = gd hand wk suit, $3 \spadesuit$ = gd hand and gd suit	Dbl = PEN
					NS =F1	2NT = shortage p's suit, 3♦ = dblt p's suit, NS= 3cd p's suit and shortage in suit bid	
2♥		6	PEN	6-9 HCP	Same as 2♦	Same as 2♦	Same as 2♦
2.		6	PEN	6-9НСР	Same as 2♦	Same as 2♦	Same as 2♦
2NT				20/21	Puppet stayman,	$3 \spadesuit = 4 \text{cd unspec M}, 3 \heartsuit / 3 \spadesuit = 5 \text{cd}, 3 \text{NT} = \text{no M}$	
2111				20/21	Jacoby transfers 3♠ = minor suit stayman, 4♠ = 6+♥, 4♦ =6+♠	Complete with 2, break with 3	
3♣		6		6-9	NS =F1	3nt = void or singleton in P's suit	
3♦		7		6-9	NS =F1	3nt = void or singleton in P's suit	
3♥		7		6-9	NS =F1	3nt = void or singleton in P's suit	
3 🛦		7		6-9	NS =F1	3nt = void or singleton in P's suit	
3NT	✓	8		Long running minor	4♣ = pass or correct		
				J J	•		
4 ♣		8		weak			
4♦	1	8	1	weak		1	
4♥		8		weak			
4 ♠		8		weak			
4NT	✓	5/6 m		5/6 in the minors weak			
5 .		10		weak		HIGH LEVEL BIDDING	
5 ♦		10		weak		4NT = 2 places to play after 4♠, 4NT - both min	
± 5♥		?				2 places to play after 11, 1111 both him	
		?					
5 A		?					

Supplementary notes

1. Dove Street

Major Suit raises after 1m – 1M

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2M – may frequently be made on 3 card support if the NT bid is flawed
1) A return to 3m is natural NF
2) New suits are NF game tries (e.g. 3 ♦ would show longer ♦ than M)
3) over 2 ♥ 2N is invitational+ showing 4 ♠ and is F1
4) After 1m - 1 ♥, 2 ♥ - 2 ♠ is an artificial relay
as is 1m - 1 ♠, 2 ♠ - 2N (all the sequences are invitational or better)
Then a new suit = shortage + 3 card trump support

Jump new suit = shortage + 4 trumps
3M = 4 trumps, no shortage + minimum
4M = 4 trumps, no shortage + maximum
3m = 3 trumps, no shortage + minimum
3N = 3 trumps, no shortage + maximum or 4M-3-3-3
(note 1m - 1 ♥, 2 ♥ -2 ♠ - 3 ♠ = 4 trumps + short ♠ and
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 $1m - 1 \checkmark$, $2 \checkmark - 2 \land - 2N = 3$ trumps + short \land

Here, shortage is void/singleton.

2. 2 way checkback

- i. All invitational hands start 1X-1Y / 1N 2*
- 2♣ is transfer to 2♦ which may be passed or

2 own suit = balanced or semi balanced 5 card suit

2 other major = 5/4 shape (with 4/4 inv.- would have just bid 1 - 1 - 1nt- 2)

2N = invitational balanced (in principle denies 5M)

3 minor opened = 5 major + 4 in minor opened

3 new suit = 5/5

- ii. 2♦ is game forcing checkback responses are up the line and natural by both sides
- iii. 2nt is transfer to ♣

Immediate jump to new suit = 5/5 GF

3. Jacoby 2nt

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3 level bids = shortages
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4 level NS = good 5 cards suits

3NT = 15-17

3M = 18/19

4M = 12-14

4. Tim's System/ Bart

- 1. Openers Actions after 1S -1NT
 - a) 2C Either genuine clubs or a catchall response of all balanced hands up to 17pts with no other second suit
 - b) 2D/2H Natural
 - c) 2S Natural 6+ card suit
 - d) 2NT 18/19 balanced (or a good 17)

- e) 3C GF either with S & C or S& H or just S
- f) 3D GF with S & D
- g) 3H 5S & 5H good hand but NF
- h) 3S 15 + /17 invitational 6 + c
- i) 3NT 6+ solid spades with about a trick and a half on the side
- j) 4S close to (or equal to) an Acol 2 in spades

Responders actions

- a) 2D Transfer to 2H (showing 5+ card suit) responder can:
 - i) Pass
 - ii) Bid 2S this will show 5H and 2S and a constructive hand of 8/10 pts
 - iii) Bid 2NT this will show 5 hearts with $10 \frac{1}{2}$ $11 \frac{1}{2}$ pts
 - iv) Bid 3C invitational with 5H and 4C
 - v) Bid 3D invitational with 5H and 5D
 - vi) Bid 3H invitational with 6H
 - vii) Bid 3S Invitational with 5H and 3S
- b) 2H This is a transfer to 2S Opener here has **no option** but to bid 2S now Responder can:
 - i) Pass –
 - ii) Bid 2NT Invitational to 3NT but guarantees 4 clubs –
 - iii) Bid 3C guarantees 5+ clubs and is invitational
 - iv) Bid 3D shows 6+ D and is invitational to 3NT
 - v) Bid 3S invitational with 3 spades and guarantees a singleton (opener can ask for the singleton by bidding 3NT, whereupon Responder bids the singleton)
- c) 2S this shows a good 8 to a bad 10 pts specifically with a doubleton spade. After this bid if opener has the strong NT type hand they can bid 2NT or 3NT
- d) 2NT Invitational to 3NT but denies a four card clubs suit (with which we would go via the 2H transfer above)
- e) 3C pre-emptive in clubs (with an invitational hand we would go via 2H)
- f) 3D pre-emptive in diamonds with an invitational hand we would go via 2H)
- g) 3S invitational with 3S, but denying a singleton (again via 2H) this gives Opener a chance to convert to 3NT when also balanced (or they can pass or raise to 4S)

If the auction does not start 1S -1NT /2C then all actions are natural with the one exception of the auction 1S 1NT / 3C – it can be:

- a) Spades and Clubs
- b) Spades and hearts
- c) A spade one suiter

Whilst we say that 3C is a GF, the responder can try to break the GF by NOT bidding 3D

- a) 3H with a GF hand with S & H
- b) 3S with a GF hand with a spade single suiter
- c) 3NT with a GF hand and S & C
- d) 4C with a GF hand with S & C and extreme distribution
- 2. BART after the 1H opener
- a) 1H 1NT / 2C is again the catchall response for all balanced hands (12-17) here responder has one action of bidding 2D this is a transfer to 2H which responder can:
 - i) Pass on any hand they wish to play in 2H
 - ii) Bid 2S to show invitational 5/5 in minors
 - iii) Bid 2NT Invitational to 3NT but guarantees 4 clubs this gives Opener a chance to pass, duck out to 3C (knowing there is a 4-4 club fit) or raise to 3NT

- iv) Bid 3C guarantees 6+ clubs and is invitational
- v) Bid 3D shows 6+D and is invitational to 3NT
- vi) Bid 3H invitational with 3 hearts and guarantees a singleton (opener can ask for the singleton by bidding 3S, whereupon Responder bids the singleton with 3NT showing the spade singleton)
- b) 1H 1NT / 2C / 2S 5c clubs invitational
- c) 1H 1NT / 2C / 2NT invitational without 4c clubs
- d) 1H 1NT / 2C / 3C/D preemptive with clubs/diamonds
- e) 1H 1NT / 2C / 3H invitational in H without singleton
- f) 1H 1NT / 2D/H natural
- 3. Game Forcing hands after 1H 1NT

Here after this start to the auction we just bid 2S - this can be any GF hand. After this bid Opener can relay with 2NT to find out what the GF is based upon. So after 1H 1N / 2S 2N then:

- a) 3C will be GF with H&C
- b) 3D will be GF with H&D
- c) 3H will be GF with just H
- d) 3S will be GF with H&S

Because all GF follow this route, it means that 1H 1N / 3C or 3D are good hands, but only invitational and at least 5/5.

5. Lebensohl after a 1nt and interference

Any bids at 3 level and direct are GF, any bids that were unavailable at the two level and go through lebensohl are weak and to play.

A bid of lebensohl and then cue bid opponents suit shows a stopper and 4cd OM.

A cue bid of opponents suit directly denies a stopper and 4cd OM.

6. Kokish

- 2H = relay to 2S, with follow-up of 2N showing semi-balanced. 24/25, 3NT direct = 26/27,
- 2N direct = semi-balanced. 22/23
- Other bid shows hearts and second suit
- Direct bid of 3♥ after 2♦ relay = 5+♦ and 4♥
- Direct bid of 3 ♠ after 2♦ relay = 5+♦ and 4♠

7. Responses to the weak majors

Responses to 2N relay after $2\Psi/\spadesuit$ opening:

3♣= weak hand 5 card suit

3 ♦= good hand 6 card suit

3oM = good suit poor points

3M =weak hand 6 card suit

3N = good hand 5 card suit

4 any = 6/5 shape

8. Drury

After partner opens a M in 3rd or 4th seat

- 2♣ shows 4cd support 8+ HCP
- 2♦ shows 3cd SUPP and 10+HCP

10. Defence to the 2nt opening which shows 5/5 in the Minor suits.

Dbl = equivalent to the 2nt overcall over weak 2 bids – 15-18 HCP balanced

- 3♣ = weak takeout 12-15 HCP
- $3 \blacklozenge = \text{stronger takeout } 16\text{-}18\text{HCP}$
- $3 \checkmark /3 \blacktriangle = good overcall$
- 4♣ = slam try in ♥
- $4 \spadesuit = \text{slam try in } \blacktriangle$

11.Bergen

- 3 = 7-9 4cd SUPP
- $3 \spadesuit = 9-11 \text{ 4cd Supp}$
- 3M = less than 7 4cd SUPP

12. Competitive bids over a dbl by responder

- 2M-1 = 3cd supp 7-9
- 3M-1 = 4cd supp 7-9
- 2NT = 10 + 4cd supp
- Rdbl = F1 can have 3cd supp
- NS = non forcing

13. 1s-1NT-2NT - transfers apply

- 14. Game tries1♥-2♥-2♠ General game try asks where partner can help
- > 1♥-2♥-2NT ★ shortage
- ► 1**v**-2**v**-3**4**/3**+** shortages
- > In competition all new suits are long suit game tries
- 15. Defence to 2 suiter overcalls
- Cheapest opponents suit = cue bid raise in p's suit
- The other suit is a GF bid in 4th suit